

Creation Date 25-May-2009

Revision Date 21-Jan-2015

Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Cat No. : Synonyms	<u>1-Chlorobutane</u> 425880000; 425880010; 425880025 n-Butyl chloride
CAS-No	109-69-3
EC-No.	203-696-6
Molecular Formula	C4 H9 CI

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	Acros Organics BVBA
	Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a
	2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards	
Flammable liquids	Category 2
<u>Health hazards</u> Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Environmental hazards	
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/ECSymbol(s)F - Highly flammableR-phrase(s)R11 - Highly flammable

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

1-Chlorobutane



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

2.3. Other hazards

No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	DSD Classification - 67/548/EEC
Butyl chloride	109-69-3	EEC No. 203-696-6	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	F; R11

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.		
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.		
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.		
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.		
Protection of First-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.		
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed			

Breathing difficulties. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

1-Chlorobutane

Revision Date 21-Jan-2015

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrogen chloride gas. **5.3. Advice for firefighters**_____

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s):

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Butyl chloride		TWA: 25 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 1 TWA: 95.5 mg/m ³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 1			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Butyl chloride	MAK-KZW: 25 ppm 15				
	Minuten				
	MAK-KZW: 96 mg/m ³ 15				
	Minuten				
	MAK-TMW: 25 ppm 8				
	Stunden				
	MAK-TMW: 96 mg/m ³ 8				
	Stunden				
	Ceiling: 25 ppm				
	Ceiling: 96 mg/m ³				

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Butyl chloride	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³				
					1
Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Butyl chloride	Skin notation		TWA: 25 ppm 8 urah		
	MAC: 0.5 mg/m ³		TWA: 95.5 mg/m ³ 8		
	_		urah		
			STEL: 25 ppm 15		
			minutah		
			STEL: 95.5 mg/m ³ 15		
			minutah		

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				
20000				

Inhalation

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Safety glasses with side-shields (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
	Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141
	When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical State	Colorless Liquid				
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point	No information available No data available No information available -123 °C / -189.4 °F No data available 77 - 78 °C / 170.6 - 172.4 °F -12 °C / 10.4 °F	@ Me			

@ 760 mmHgMethod - No information available

Evaporation Rate	No information available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 1 Vol%	·
	Upper 10.1 Vol%	
Vapor Pressure	108 mbar @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	3.19 (Air = 1.0)	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	0.880	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	0.5 g/L (20°C)	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/w	vater)	
Component	log Pow	
Butyl chloride	2.66	
Autoignition Temperature	460 °C / 860 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	0.45 mPa.s (20°C)	
Explosive Properties	No information available	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C4 H9 CI	
Molecular Weight	92.57	

SECTION 10: STABILITY	AND REACTIVITY
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10.1.	Reactivity

1-Chlorobutane

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Hazardous PolymerizationHazardous polymerization does not occur.Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

(a) acute toxicity; Oral

Dermal

Inhalation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Butyl chloride	2200 mg/kg (Rat)	20000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	8000 ppm (Rat)4 h	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;

No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	No data available
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
(f) carcinogenicity;	Mutagenic effects have occurred in experimental animals No data available
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
(g) reproductive toxicity; Reproductive Effects Teratogenicity	No data available Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals. Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	None known.
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Butyl chloride	600 mg/L LC50 48 h	3020 mg/L EC50 = 48 h 452 mg/L EC50 = 48 h		EC50 = 485 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 732 mg/L 30
				min

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely					
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)				
Butyl chloride	2.66	No data available				
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product contains volatile organic compour surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environme air					
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	No data available for assessment.					
<u>12.6. Other adverse effects</u> Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or su This product does not contain any known or su This product does not contain any known or su	uspected substance				

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	UN1127 Chlorobutanes 3 II
ADR 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	UN1127 Chlorobutanes 3 II
IATA	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	UN1127 Chlorobutanes 3 II
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories		X = listed									
Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Butyl chloride	203-696-6	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

National Regulations

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class

1-Chlorobutane

Butyl chloride	WGK 2	

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R11 - Highly flammable

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
 ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data 	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

	post complies with the requirements of Pequilation (F
Revision Summary	Update to Format.
Revision Date	21-Jan-2015
Creation Date	25-May-2009

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet